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Automation of the NIST Cryptographic Module Validation Program:

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1 **Abstract**

2 The Cryptographic Module Validation Program (CMVP) validates third-party assertions that
3 cryptographic module implementations satisfy the requirements of Federal Information
4 Processing Standards (FIPS) Publication 140-3, Security Requirements for Cryptographic
5 Modules. The NIST National Cybersecurity Center of Excellence (NCCoE) has undertaken the
6 Automated Cryptographic Module Validation Project (ACMVP) to support improvement in the
7 efficiency and timeliness of CMVP operations and processes. The goal is to demonstrate a suite
8 of automated tools that would permit organizations to perform testing of their cryptographic
9 products according to the requirements of FIPS 140-3, then directly report the results to NIST
10 using appropriate protocols. This is a status report of progress made so far with the ACMVP and
11 the planned next steps for the project.

12 **Audience**

13 The primary audience for this report is technology, security, and privacy program managers and
14 architects, and software developers, engineers, and IT professionals.

15 **Keywords**

16 Automated Cryptographic Module Validation Project (ACMVP); Cryptographic Module
17 Validation Program (CMVP); cryptography; cryptographic module; cryptographic module
18 testing; cryptographic module validation.

19 **Acknowledgements**

20 The ACMVP TE Workstream (WS) is led by Yi Mao of atsec and Alex Calis of NIST with
21 contribution from the atsec team, Javier Martel and Michael McCarl of Aegisolve, Ryan Thomas
22 of Lightship Security, James Reardon of Intertek Acumen Security, Barry Fussell and Andrew
23 Karcher of Cisco, Alicia Squires and Courtney Maatta of Amazon, Marc Ireland of NXP, Shawn
24 Geddis formerly of Apple, Mike Grimm of Microsoft, Ivan Teblin and Blaine Stone of SUSE,
25 Michael Dimond of the MITRE Corporation, and Chris Celi and Murugiah Souppaya of NIST.

26 The ACMVP Protocol Workstream is led by Barry Fussell and Andrew Karcher of Cisco and Chris
27 Celi of NIST with contributions from Panos Kampanakis of Amazon, Michael McCarl and
28 Deborah Harrington of Aegisolve, Alex Thurston of Lightship, Stephan Mueller and Walker Riley
29 of atsec, Mike Grimm of Microsoft, Robert Staples of NIST, and Raoul Gabiam, Michael Dimond,
30 Kyle Vitale, Doris Rui, and Matthew Fortes of the MITRE Corporation.

31 The ACMVP Research Infrastructure Workstream is led by Raoul Gabiam of The MITRE
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36 Souppaya of NIST; Michael Dimond, Kyle Vitale, and Josh Klosterman of the MITRE Corporation;
37 and John Booton, Aaron Cook, and Jeffrey LaClair of ITC Federal.

38 **Collaborators**

39 Collaborators participating in this project submitted their capabilities in response to an open
40 call in the Federal Register for all sources of relevant security capabilities from academia and
41 industry (vendors and integrators). The following respondents with relevant capabilities or
42 product components signed a Cooperative Research and Development Agreement (CRADA) to
43 collaborate with NIST in a consortium to build this example solution.

- 44 • [Acumen Security](#)
- 45 • [AEGISOLVE](#)
- 46 • [Apple](#)
- 47 • [Atsec](#)
- 48 • [AWS](#)
- 49 • [Cisco](#)
- 50 • [Lightship Security](#)
- 51 • [Microsoft](#)
- 52 • [NXP Semiconductors](#)
- 53 • [SUSE](#)

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57 intended to imply special status or relationship with NIST or recommendation or endorsement
58 by NIST or NCCoE; neither is it intended to imply that the entities, equipment, products, or
59 materials are necessarily the best available for the purpose.

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82 **1. Overview**

83 **1.1. Challenge**

84 The Cryptographic Module Validation Program (CMVP) validates third-party assertions that
85 cryptographic module implementations satisfy the requirements of [Federal Information](#)
86 [Processing Standards \(FIPS\) Publication 140-3](#), Security Requirements for Cryptographic
87 Modules. Under the CMVP, cryptographic modules undergo third-party testing by National
88 Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP) accredited laboratories, and the
89 processes and results are validated under a program run by the National Institute of Standards
90 and Technology (NIST) and the Canadian Center for Cyber Security (CCCS). Current industry
91 cryptographic product development, production, and maintenance processes place significant
92 emphasis on time-to-market efficiency. A number of elements of the validation process are
93 manual in nature, and the period required for third-party testing and government validation of
94 cryptographic modules is often incompatible with industry requirements.

95 **1.2. Solution**

96 The NIST National Cybersecurity Center of Excellence (NCCoE) has undertaken a project to
97 demonstrate the value and practicality of automation support to improve the responsiveness of
98 CMVP. The intent of the Automated Cryptographic Module Validation Project (ACMVP) is to
99 support improvement in the efficiency and timeliness of CMVP operations and processes. This
100 NCCoE effort is one of a number of activities focused on the automation of module validation
101 and report review flow, and it follows the successful completion of NIST efforts such as the
102 automation of the Cryptographic Algorithm Validation Program (CAVP); the rollout of Web-
103 Cryptik, an application for submitting test results to the CMVP; and the automation of the
104 processing of entropy data testing evidence for the Entropy Source Validation (ESV) program.
105 The initiative aims to provide mechanisms for structural presentation of testing evidence by
106 NVLAP-accredited parties to facilitate the automation of evidence validation by the CMVP.

107 The ACMVP's goal is to enable automated test report review where feasible for each of the test
108 requirements found in FIPS 140-3 and [International Organization for Standardization](#)
109 [\(ISO\)/International Electrotechnical Commission \(IEC\) 24759](#), which FIPS 140-3 incorporates by
110 reference. Because of the wide range of the technologies and corresponding security
111 requirements that the CMVP covers, this effort is being executed in phases. The initial phase of
112 software module validation such as an OpenSSL module is foundational and will determine
113 future phases.

114 The module testing and reporting aspects of module validation, according to ISO/IEC 24759,
115 combine functional and nonfunctional security requirements. This project attempts to
116 streamline the test methods for the functional tests of specific classes of technologies (e.g.,
117 software modules) and corresponding reporting of functional and non-functional security
118 requirements. We are working to demonstrate a suite of tools to modernize and automate
119 manual review processes in support of existing policy and efforts to include technical testing

120 under the CMVP. These automated tools employ an NVLAP-accredited testing concept that
121 permits organizations to perform the testing of their cryptographic products according to the
122 requirements of FIPS 140-3, then directly report the results to NIST using appropriate protocols.
123 The accredited parties will have to identify the corresponding personnel and organizational
124 structures needed to perform this testing while complying with the laboratory requirements for
125 testing programs established by NVLAP under [NIST Handbook \(HB\) 150-17](#). The accreditation
126 requirements in HB 150-17 are both hierarchical and compositional in nature so that
127 organizations can tailor the scope of accreditation according to their specific product/service
128 portfolio.

129 **1.3. Progress to Date**

130 To date, the ACMVP project has:

- 131 • Identified and classified categories of test evidence required for CMVP validation that
132 can readily be automated in a reporting format that is consistent with current Web-
133 Cryptik and CMVP; identified the test evidence classes for which manual processes are
134 still needed
- 135 • Identified necessary schemas and protocols for evidence submission and validation for a
136 scalable application programming interface (API) based architecture
- 137 • Designed and developed a cloud native infrastructure required to support validation
138 program automation

139 In the initial phase, the project is divided into three workstreams: the Test Evidence (TE)
140 Workstream, the Protocol Workstream, and the Research Infrastructure Workstream. Each is a
141 focused effort in its own right. The combined impact of these workstreams will result in
142 improvements to the overall automation of the CMVP.

143 Contributors to each workstream are listed in the corresponding sections below. Additionally,
144 the following people and organizations contributed to the project outside of a workstream:
145 Rochelle Casey, Alicia Squires, Margaret Salter, Tim Ness, and David Browning of Amazon;
146 Apostol Vassilev, Dave Hawes, Gavin O'Brien, Tim Hall, Matt Scholl, Cheri Pascoe, Kevin Stine,
147 Ann Rickerds, Jim Simmons, Rob Densock, and Blair Heiserman of NIST; William Barker of
148 Dakota Consulting; Karen Scarfone of Scarfone Cybersecurity; and Heather Flanagan of
149 Spherical Cow Consulting.

150 **2. Test Evidence Workstream**

151 The ACMVP TE Workstream (WS) is led by Yi Mao of atsec and Alex Calis of NIST with
152 contribution from the atsec team, Javier Martel and Michael McCarl of Aegisolve, Ryan Thomas
153 of Lightship Security, James Reardon of Intertek Acumen Security, Barry Fussell and Andrew
154 Karcher of Cisco, Alicia Squires and Courtney Maatta of Amazon, Marc Ireland of NXP, Shawn
155 Geddis formerly of Apple, Mike Grimm of Microsoft, Ivan Teblin and Blaine Stone of SUSE,
156 Micheal Dimond of the MITRE Corporation, and Chris Celi and Murugiah Souppaya of NIST.

157 The TE WS has identified and sorted categories of test evidence required for CMVP validation
158 that can readily be automated in a reporting format that is consistent with current Web-Cryptik
159 used by CMVP. The TE WS has also identified those test evidence classes for which manual
160 processes are still needed.

161 To date, the TE WS team has classified test evidence into the following categories, depending
162 on what needs to be checked, inspected, or tested, and how the vendor evidence (VE) is
163 supposed to be provided:

- 164 • Assessments based on reviewing the vendor documentation, especially the Security
165 Policy (SP)
- 166 • Assessments based on inspecting the module's source code
- 167 • Assessments based on exercising/executing the module to cover functional testing.

168 The team has also described an approach to filtering test requirements to make the report
169 focus only on the relevant requirements. TE WS output to date is presented in Appendix A.

170 The main accomplishments of the TE WS to date are as follows:

- 171 • Classification/categorization of TEs
- 172 • AS/TE/VE (Assertions/Requirements for Tester/Requirements for Vendor) filtering
- 173 • A well-defined structure for test evidence data represented in JSON. These JSON files
174 are used by other workstreams within the ACMVP to define the schema and provide
175 opportunity for future automation (includes Security Policy JSON file to satisfy SP TEs.)
- 176 • Alignment of the [CMVP's Documentation TE List](#) with TE classifications

177 The TE WS team is now working to complete:

- 178 • Test methods for functional testing TEs
- 179 • Improvement of TE filtering coverage
- 180 • Finalizing the JSON structure for the TE catalog

181 **3. Protocol Workstream**

182 The ACMVP Protocol Workstream is led by Barry Fussell and Andrew Karcher of Cisco and Chris
183 Celi of NIST with contributions from Panos Kampanakis of Amazon, Michael McCarl and
184 Deborah Harrington of Aegisolve, Alex Thurston of Lightship, Stephan Mueller and Walker Riley
185 of atsec, Mike Grimm of Microsoft, Robert Staples of NIST, and Raoul Gabiam, Michael Dimond,
186 Kyle Vitale, Doris Rui, and Matthew Fortes of the MITRE Corporation.

187 The Protocol WS is responsible for defining the interactions between automated CMVP server
188 assets and the NCCoE ACMVP clients supporting a proof-of-concept of automation capabilities.
189 The proof-of-concept server currently implements the following features:

- 190 • Two-factor authentication using time-based one-time passwords (TOTPs) and mTLS. This
191 system improves the TOTP from the Automated Cryptographic Validation Protocol
192 (ACVP) by allowing a user to maintain multiple seeds for simultaneous connections.
- 193 • Module registration that defines the security levels, embodiments, and other properties
194 of the cryptographic module. This is used to automatically determine which TEs are
195 applicable to the cryptographic module.
- 196 • Module evidence catalog submission that prompts a client to provide evidence
197 addressing TEs that are applicable to the cryptographic module. The system will inform
198 you which TEs have not yet been addressed by the submission to ensure completeness.
- 199 • Module security policy submission defined entirely in JSON. The system will generate
200 the security policy automatically, allowing the client to retrieve the completed PDF. This
201 ensures that all sections are present and completed.
- 202 • Award of a validation certificate once all evidence catalog and security policy
203 information are completed.

204 The proof-of-concept includes both client and server components.

- 205 • The server uses much of the same infrastructure as ACVP and Entropy Source Validation
206 (ESV). This is intentional in order to use the same team to maintain the systems once
207 they are integrated by the CMVP. This is mainly C# applications along with SQL Server
208 databases. The server development team is also using this opportunity to re-evaluate
209 security assurances within NIST to see if any improvements can be brought back into the
210 rest of the CMVP applications.
- 211 • Two client examples have been developed:
 - 212 ○ Cisco's Libamvp is C-based and interacts with the server by parsing user-
213 generated JSON. It is intended to be a simple tool to showcase the protocol and
214 assist developers as they create workflows for the generation and submission of
215 AMVP data. Libamvp can create modules and certification requests, submit all
216 required evidence catalog and security policy info, retrieve security policy PDFs,
217 check for the status of a certification request, and more, as development
218 continues. The code is open-source and is available at the public repository
<https://github.com/cisco/libamvp>.

220 ○ The atsec ACVP Proxy provides the interface to access the NIST ACVP, Entropy
221 Source Validation Program (ESVP), and AMVP services. The code is open-source
222 and is available at the public repository
223 <https://github.com/smuellerDD/acvpproxy>. The ACVP Proxy allows a flexible
224 deployment and is extendable to cover an arbitrary number of Implementation
225 Under Test (IUT) definitions. It implements the entire interaction with the NIST
226 servers to obtain the data from the server and upload all required data to the
227 server.

228 The protocol effort is still in progress. Work planned for the next year includes:

- 229 • Demonstrating the ability for the CMVP staff to use an API to handle “comment round”
230 interactions with NVLAP-accredited parties
- 231 • Enabling automatic processing of functional test evidence (FE-TEs) based on the test
232 type selected by NVLAP-accredited laboratories
- 233 • Enabling acceptance of source code TEs (SC-TEs) and other TEs (OD-TEs) not yet handled
234 by the server

235 **4. Research Infrastructure Workstream**

236 The ACMVP Research Infrastructure Workstream is led by Raoul Gabiam of The MITRE
237 Corporation and Douglas Boldt of Amazon, with contributions from Courtney Maatta, Annie
238 Cimack, Diana Brooks, Charlotte Fondren, Zhus-Wei Lee, Keonna Parrish, Abhishek Isireddy, Abi
239 Adenuga, Bradley Wyman, Brittany Robinson, Gina McFarland, Damian Zell, Cavan Slaughter,
240 Fayette Toles-Abdullah, and Natti Swaminathan of Amazon; Robert Staples and Murugiah
241 Souppaya of NIST; Michael Dimond, Kyle Vitale, and Josh Klosterman of the MITRE Corporation;
242 and John Booton, Aaron Cook, and Jeffrey LaClair of ITC Federal.

243 The Workstream's objective is to develop and demonstrate a cloud-native infrastructure that is
244 scalable, efficient, and up to date (supports containers, zero trust principles, etc.).

245 This infrastructure is an extension of the on-premises private cloud at the NCCoE. The NCCoE
246 on-premises infrastructure consists of a VMware private cloud and a Microsoft Active Directory
247 which serves as the authoritative identity source for the supporting AWS research environment.
248 The on-premises VMware private cloud is connected to the AWS supporting research
249 environment via an AWS Direct Connect through NOAA/N-Wave. The supporting AWS research
250 environment consists of multiple accounts following AWS and Special Publication 800-53 best
251 practices to ensure isolation and segregation of administrative functions and security in each
252 independent research lab.

253 A summary of steps taken to modernize the research infrastructure include:

- 254 1. **Leveraging cloud native technologies and services** - The current production CMVP
255 environment was designed and built on a standard architecture for on-premises
256 services. The project team is taking this opportunity to refactor the CMVP infrastructure
257 to leverage cloud-native technologies and services. This will modernize the supporting
258 infrastructure, improve efficiency and scalability, and streamline operations.
259 Technologies and services being piloted include containerization to facilitate portability
260 and scalability, serverless to improve efficiency, and AWS RDS and AWS code builds to
261 streamline and automate operations.
- 262 2. **Providing visibility in workloads and resources** - A benefit of leveraging cloud services is
263 the transparency and visibility of workloads and their resources down to the specific
264 services used. This enables the team test and balance efficiencies of cloud-native
265 architectures while remaining cost conscious.
- 266 3. **Leveraging AWS cloud-native services for security** - The NCCoE AWS research cloud
267 environment supporting the CMVP Automation project leverages AWS cloud-native
268 technologies and services to secure the environment and ensure best practices are
269 followed. These services include AWS Control Tower, AWS Organization, AWS Security
270 Lake, AWS CloudWatch, AWS CloudTrail, AWS Security Hub, and more. A few mapping
271 documents are being generated to capture how the NCCoE is following NIST best
272 practice documents such as Special Publication 800-92 and 800-53 in their AWS research
273 cloud environment.

274 4. **Infrastructure as code** - Another benefit of leveraging cloud-native services and tools is
275 the ease of deploying them as code. This facilitates the creation of infrastructure stacks,
276 which facilitates creation and replication of infrastructure from code

277 Next steps planned for the Research Infrastructure WS include:

- 278 • Conducting a security assessment of the underlying infrastructure.
- 279 • Deploying, testing, optimizing, and documenting a scalable and modernized CMVP
280 infrastructure
- 281 • Replicating the research environment into the NIST staging environment, and updating
282 infrastructure documentation.

283 **5. Conclusion**

284 To date, the project has:

- 285 • Identified and sorted categories of test evidence required for CMVP validation that can
286 readily be automated in a reporting format that is consistent with current Web-Cryptik
287 used by CMVP, and identified those test evidence classes for which manual processes
288 are still needed.
- 289 • Identified necessary schemas and protocols for report submission and validation for a
290 scalable API-based architecture.
- 291 • Designed and developed a cloud-based infrastructure required to support validation
292 program automation.

293 Moving forward, the project staff plans in FY 2025 to:

- 294 • Finalize a coordinated JSON structure for TE catalog
- 295 • Refine the research infrastructure to support enabling automated acceptance of test
296 evidence and processing of functional test evidence from NVLAP-accredited parties
- 297 • Streamline test methods for functional testing
- 298 • Improve test requirement filtering capabilities
- 299 • Demonstrate an ability for the CMVP staff to use an API to handle “comment round”
300 interactions with NVLAP-accredited parties.

301 **Appendix A. Technical Details from the Test Evidence (TE) Workstream**

302 The rest of this report provides additional technical details from the Test Evidence (TE)
303 Workstream:

- 304 • Appendix A.1, TEs Requiring Vendor Documentation: categories and sub-categories of
305 TEs based on reviewing the Security Policy (SP) or other vendor documentation
- 306 • Appendix A.2, TEs Requiring Module Functional Test: TEs based on exercising/executing
307 the module to test its functionality
- 308 • Appendix A.3, Complete List of TEs: a complete list of TEs, each tagged by category

309 **A.1. TEs Requiring Vendor Documentation**

310 The required documentation for a Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) validation is
311 specified in [NIST Special Publication 800-140A](#), which modifies the vendor documentation
312 requirements of [ISO/IEC 19790](#) Annex A. Hereafter, the vendor-documentation-dependent TEs
313 will be indicated as **140A-TEs**. Those TEs require the tester to verify the presence and accuracy
314 of information within the vendor documentation or to verify statements based on information
315 from the documentation.

316 The overall category of 140A-TEs, as opposed to the TEs depending on functional tests
317 (hereafter **FT-TEs**), is relatively clear. They are indicated by the keyword "verify" as in the
318 following examples:

- 319 • "verify the name and version as indicated in AS04.13" (e.g., TE04.33.01)
- 320 • "verify the vendor documentation" (e.g., TE04.05.01)
- 321 • "verify that the vendor provided documentation" (e.g., TE05.05.01)
- 322 • "verify, by inspection and from the vendor documentation" (e.g., TE05.15.01)
- 323 • "verify the vendor documentation, and by inspection" (e.g., TE06.10.01), "verify by
324 inspection, or from the vendor documentation" (e.g., TE07.15.01)
- 325 • "verify ... as documented" (e.g., TE07.27.01)
- 326 • "verify ... are documented" (e.g., TE07.33.01)
- 327 • "verify the vendor documentation shows ..." (e.g., TE10.09.01)
- 328 • "verify ... through the procedure documented in ..." (e.g., TE10.11.01)

329 The 140A-TEs may or may not depend on the SP. They may depend on source code or other
330 proprietary documentation. So, the **140A-TEs** can be further divided into three sub-categories
331 as they relate to Security Policy (SP), Source Code (SC), and Other Documents (OD):

- 332 • **SP-TEs**: TEs depend on the information provided by the public-facing SP. [NIST Special](#)
333 [Publication 800-140Br1](#) is to be used in conjunction with ISO/IEC 19790 Annex B and
334 ISO/IEC 24759 section 6.14. It also specifies the order of the SP. Some TEs explicitly

335 identify the source of the vendor documentation in the SP. Ideally, Special Publication
336 800-140Br1 should require the SP to include all information to satisfy the SP-dependent
337 TEs.

- 338 • **SC-TEs:** TEs require source code review. It may not be intuitive that source code falls
339 under vendor documentation. There are TEs that explicitly require code review or actual
340 source code, verify some statement by (code) inspection, or verify how the specification
341 is implemented. Source code handling often requires special care and attention.
342 Therefore, we separate these SC-TEs from the TEs that depend on other vendor
343 documentation.
- 344 • **OD-TEs:** If a 140A-TE is neither an SP-TE nor an SC-TE, we designate it as an OD-TE,
345 meaning the TE depends on an Other Document such as a Finite State Model (FSM),
346 Component List (CL), design document, user guidance, or configuration management
347 manual.

348 Here are some examples:

- 349 • SP-TEs: 140B requires the SP to provide the information
 - 350 ○ *TE04.47.01: The tester shall verify that the security functions used to
351 authenticate operators are all approved security functions.*
 - 352 ○ *TE04.48.01: The tester shall verify that the authentication mechanism used to
353 authenticate operators is an approved one.*
- 354 • SC-TEs: TEs that depend on source code inspection
 - 355 ○ *TE03.07.05: The tester shall verify that the vendor documentation specifies how
356 the cryptographic module ensures that all data output via the data output
357 interface is to be inhibited during error states or self-test conditions. The tester
358 shall also verify, by inspection of the design of the cryptographic module, that the
359 data output interface is, in fact, logically or physically inhibited under these
360 conditions.*
 - 361 ○ *TE03.15.05: The tester shall examine the applicable source code(s) to ensure that
362 the identified component is actually validating the documented format.*
- 363 • OD-TEs: requires rationale of correctness, FSM or SW/FW CL
 - 364 ○ *TE03.19.03: The tester shall verify the correctness of any rationale provided by
365 the vendor. The burden of proof is on the vendor; if there is any uncertainty or
366 ambiguity, the tester shall require the vendor to produce additional information
367 as needed.*
 - 368 ○ *TE11.08.01: The tester shall verify that the vendor has provided a description of
369 the finite state model. This description shall contain the identification and
370 description of all states of the module and a description of all corresponding state
371 transitions. The tester shall verify that the descriptions of the state transitions
372 include the internal module conditions, data inputs and control inputs that cause*

373 *transitions from one state to another, data outputs and status outputs resulting*
374 *from transitions from one state to another.*

- 375 ○ TE11.16.01: *The tester shall use the list supplied by the vendor to verify that a*
376 *source listing for each software or firmware component is contained in the*
377 *module.*

378 Let us look at an example TE that is assessed by reviewing the vendor documentation, and this
379 TE's associated AS and VE.

380 **AS05.02** states, “The documentation requirements specified in {ISO/IEC 19790:2012} A.2.5 shall
381 be provided.” Following that, **VE05.02.01** states, “The vendor shall provide documentation as
382 specified in ISO/IEC 19790:2012, A.2.5.” Lastly, the **TE05.02.01** for this section states, “The
383 tester shall verify completeness of the documentation specified in ISO/IEC 19790:2012, A.2.5.”

384 To fulfill **TE05.02.01**, the tester needs to check the documentation provided by the vendor and
385 verify that it is present and complete. The example illustrates a documentation-type TE (i.e.
386 140A-TE). TEs of this type are ripe for automation because they only rely on checking for the
387 presence of appropriate texts. The accuracy of the information provided for these TEs is later
388 verified by subsequent tests and documentation reviews done during Functional Testing,
389 Source Code Review, and Module Inspection.

390 By exploring the relationship between VEs and TEs, it becomes apparent that if some VEs were
391 in the form of a standardized SP, their corresponding TEs could be verified through automation.
392 The NIST CMVP updated Special Publication 800-140B to specify the expected content of the SP
393 and provide an SP template for all vendors and labs to use; Revision 1 was published in
394 November 2023.

395 The current [NIST Web-Cryptik Br1 v1.0.3](#) has built-in Module Information Structure (MIS) Tables
396 and a search capability to look up and select Cryptographic Algorithm Validation Program
397 (CAVP) certificates. The completed MIS Tables can be saved as a JSON file and be combined
398 with other information in an SP Microsoft Word template to build the final SP.

399 This TE WS is exploring an alternative method to generate the SP purely via JSON rather than
400 implementing a hybrid approach that requires an SP Microsoft Word template to build the final
401 SP. Following the CMVP’s current [SP Template v5.8](#), the NCCoE TE WS has developed an SP-
402 evidence JSON file to satisfy all SP-TEs. The NCCoE Research Infrastructure WS is implementing
403 the functionality on the ACMVP server for generating an SP in a PDF file based on the input SP-
404 evidence JSON file. This functionality will be demoed at the ICMC24.

405 Under the assumptions that the SP strictly follows Special Publication 800-140Br1 and that the
406 required SP content is captured in MIS Tables or the other data entries in the SP-evidence JSON
407 file, all SP-TEs can reference the relevant data points in the SP-evidence JSON file. The existence
408 of the reference can be automatically checked. If the reference exists, the corresponding TE
409 passes.

410 SP-TEs must be satisfied by the information provided by the SP as specified in NIST Special
411 Publication 800-140Br1, which we denote as **140B-TEs**. 140B-TEs is a subset of SP-TEs because a

412 vendor may choose to include more information in the SP as required by Special Publication
413 800-140Br1.

414 Furthermore, to maximize automation, all data points necessary to satisfy 140A-TEs should be
415 captured in a standardized documentation-evidence JSON. This work needs to be incorporated
416 and elaborated in the TE catalog.

417 Table 1 lists all of the TEs depending on the SP, regardless of whether the TE explicitly indicates
418 the source of the vendor document to be the SP or whether Special Publication 800-140Br1
419 requires it, in column **SP-TEs**. The **non-140B-but-140A-TEs** column is not intended to duplicate
420 the TEs from the SP-TEs column, but instead to capture all other TEs that depend on vendor
421 documentation, which could be SP, source code, FSM, CL, design document, or other vendor
422 proprietary documentation. For cases where the information needs to be in the SP and verified
423 by (code) inspection or design document, the TEs (e.g., TE02.07.02) are listed under both
424 columns, despite the duplication.

425 TEs depending on source code review or inspection are a subset of the non-140B-but-140A-TEs
426 column in the table. Some TEs have the explicit wording of “code” or “source code,” while
427 others imply it via the phrase “by inspection” or “inspecting the module.” TEs requiring source
428 code review are tagged as SC-TE in Appendix A.3, Complete List of TEs.

429 TEs requiring other documents are tagged as OD-TE in Appendix A.3, Complete List of TEs.

430

Table 1 - Dividing 140A-TEs into non-140B-TEs and SP-TEs

FIPS 140-3 Section Title	140A-TEs: non-140B-but-140A-TEs	140A-TEs: SP-TEs
General	None	None
Cryptographic Module Specification	TE02.03.02, TE02.07.01, TE02.07.02 (also SP-TE), TE02.10.01 (also SP-TE), TE02.10.02, TE02.13.02, TE02.17.09	TE02.03.01, TE02.07.02, TE02.09.01, TE02.10.01, TE02.11.01, TE02.11.02, TE02.12.01, TE02.13.01, TE02.14.01, TE02.15.01, TE02.15.02, TE02.15.04, TE02.15.06, TE02.15.07, TE02.15.08, TE02.15.09, TE02.15.10, TE02.15.11, TE02.15.12, TE02.15.13, TE02.15.14, TE02.16.01, TE02.16.02, TE02.16.03, TE02.16.05, TE02.17.01, TE02.17.02, TE02.17.03, TE02.17.05, TE02.17.06, TE02.17.07, TE02.17.08, TE02.17.10, TE02.18.01, TE02.19.01, TE02.20.01, TE02.20.02, TE02.20.03, TE02.20.04, TE02.21.01, TE02.21.02, TE02.22.01, TE02.24.01, TE02.26.01, TE02.26.02, TE02.30.01
Cryptographic Module Interfaces	TE03.01.02 (also SP-TE), TE03.02.01, TE03.05.02, TE03.06.02, TE03.07.01, TE03.07.03, TE03.07.05, TE03.07.06, TE03.07.07, TE03.08.02, TE03.09.01, TE03.10.01, TE03.10.03, TE03.10.05,	TE03.01.01, TE03.01.02, TE03.01.03, TE03.02.02, TE03.03.01, TE03.04.01

FIPS 140-3 Section Title	140A-TEs: non-140B-but-140A-TEs	140A-TEs: SP-TEs
	TE03.11.02, TE03.13.01, TE03.14.01, TE03.14.02, TE03.14.03, TE03.15.01, TE03.15.02, TE03.15.05, TE03.16.01, TE03.18.01, TE03.19.01, TE03.19.03	
Roles, Services, and Authentication	TE04.02.01, TE04.03.01, TE04.07.01, TE04.07.02, TE04.19.01, TE04.20.01, TE04.20.02, TE04.21.01, TE04.22.01, TE04.25.01, TE04.33.01, TE04.35.01, TE04.38.01, TE04.39.01, TE04.42.01, TE04.42.02, TE04.43.01, TE04.44.01, TE04.45.01, TE04.51.02, TE04.53.01, TE04.54.01, TE04.55.01	TE04.05.01, TE04.06.01, TE04.11.01, TE04.13.02, TE04.14.01, TE04.18.01, TE04.37.01, TE04.47.01, TE04.48.01, TE04.50.01, TE04.50.02, TE04.51.01, TE04.56.01, TE04.56.02, TE04.59.01
Software/Firmware Security	TE05.02.01, TE05.04.01, TE05.05.01, TE05.05.03, TE05.05.04, TE05.05.06, TE05.06.01, TE05.06.05, TE05.07.01, TE05.08.02, TE05.11.01, TE05.12.01, TE05.12.02, TE05.13.01, TE05.13.02, TE05.13.04, TE05.13.06, TE05.13.07, TE05.15.01, TE05.15.02, TE05.16.01, TE05.16.02, TE05.20.01, TE05.23.01	TE05.05.02, TE05.17.01
Operational Environment	TE06.03.01, TE06.05.01, TE06.05.02, TE06.06.01, TE06.08.01, TE06.08.02, TE06.10.01, TE06.11.01, TE06.12.01, TE06.13.01, TE06.14.01, TE06.15.01, TE06.17.01, TE06.18.01, TE06.19.01, TE06.24.01, TE06.25.01, TE06.26.01, TE06.27.01, TE06.28.01	TE06.07.01, TE06.09.01, TE06.20.01
Physical Security	TE07.10.01, TE07.11.01, TE07.12.01, TE07.15.01, TE07.15.02, TE07.19.01, TE07.20.01, TE07.25.01, TE07.26.01, TE07.33.01, TE07.35.01, TE07.37.01, TE07.37.02, TE07.39.01, TE07.39.02, TE07.39.03, TE07.39.04, TE07.41.01, TE07.42.01, TE07.43.01, TE07.44.01, TE07.45.01, TE07.46.01, TE07.47.01, TE07.48.01, TE07.50.01, TE07.50.02, TE07.50.03, TE07.51.01, TE07.51.02, TE07.51.03, TE07.51.04, TE07.51.05, TE07.51.07, TE07.53.01, TE07.55.01, TE07.57.01, TE07.60.01, TE07.65.01, TE07.65.02, TE07.65.03, TE07.65.04, TE07.65.05, TE07.65.06, TE07.65.07, TE07.67.01, TE07.71.01, TE07.73.01	TE07.01.01, TE07.09.01, TE07.09.02, TE07.19.01, TE07.26.02, TE07.77.04, TE07.81.03
Non-Invasive Security	Not yet enforced by the CMVP	Not yet enforced by the CMVP
Sensitive Security Parameter Management	TE09.01.01, TE09.02.01, TE09.03.01, TE09.05.01, TE09.08.02, TE09.14.01, TE09.16.01, TE09.16.02, TE09.21.01,	TE09.04.01, TE09.04.02, TE09.06.01, TE09.06.02, TE09.06.03, TE09.07.01, TE09.08.01, TE09.09.01, TE09.09.02,

FIPS 140-3 Section Title	140A-TEs: non-140B-but-140A-TEs	140A-TEs: SP-TEs
	TE09.23.01, TE09.23.02, TE09.23.04, TE09.24.01, TE09.25.01, TE09.27.01, TE09.28.06, TE09.29.01, TE09.29.02, TE09.31.01, TE09.32.01, TE09.36.01	TE09.10.01, TE09.10.02, TE09.13.01, TE09.13.02, TE09.19.01, TE09.22.01, TE09.28.01, TE09.28.05, TE09.33.01, TE09.37.01
Self-Tests	TE10.12.01, TE10.12.02, TE10.15.01, TE10.15.02, TE10.20.01, TE10.21.01, TE10.21.02, TE10.22.02, TE10.22.03, TE10.22.05, TE10.27.01, TE10.28.01, TE10.29.01, TE10.33.02, TE10.34.02, TE10.35.01, TE10.35.02, TE10.35.03, TE10.37.03, TE10.37.04, TE10.37.07, TE10.37.08, TE10.46.01, TE10.46.02, TE10.48.02, TE10.49.02, TE10.51.01, TE10.51.02, TE10.51.03	TE10.07.01, TE10.07.02, TE10.08.01, TE10.08.02, TE10.09.01, TE10.09.02, TE10.24.01, TE10.25.01, TE10.33.01, TE10.34.01, TE10.37.01, TE10.37.02, TE10.53.01
Life-Cycle Assurance	TE11.01.01, TE11.03.01, TE11.04.01, TE11.04.02, TE11.04.03, TE11.04.04, TE11.05.01, TE11.06.01, TE11.08.01, TE11.08.02, TE11.08.03, TE11.08.04, TE11.08.05, TE11.08.07, TE11.08.08, TE11.08.10, TE11.08.11, TE11.08.12, TE11.13.01, TE11.15.01, TE11.15.02, TE11.16.01, TE11.17.01, TE11.18.01, TE11.19.01, TE11.21.01, TE11.23.01, TE11.24.01, TE11.25.01, TE11.26.01, TE11.28.01, TE11.28.02, TE11.28.03, TE11.29.01, TE11.29.02, TE11.30.01, TE11.31.01, TE11.33.01, TE11.34.01, TE11.38.03	TE11.32.01, TE11.35.01, TE11.36.01, TE11.37.01, TE11.38.01, TE11.39.01
Mitigation of Other Attacks	TE12.01.01, TE12.04.02	TE12.02.01, TE12.04.01, TE12.04.03
NIST Special Publication 800-140A	TEA01.01	
NIST Special Publication 800-140B (Cryptographic module security policy)		TEB.01.01, TEB.02.01, TEB.03.01, TEB.03.02

431 A.2. TEs Requiring Module Functional Test

432 TEs in this category require the tester to exercise and manipulate the module to test its
 433 functionality. To do this, testers rely on various pieces of evidence that include log file names,
 434 screenshots, or remote testing/video observation. In essence: the tester must directly see and
 435 interact with the module to ensure that it functions in the way specified by the vendor.

436 TE09.03.02 is an example of this category. It states: "For each Sensitive Security Parameter
 437 (SSP) that can be entered, the tester shall first enter the SSP while assuming the correct entity.
 438 The tester shall then verify that entry is not possible when assuming an incorrect entity." To
 439 fulfill this TE, the tester must assume specific entities and use the module as those assumed

- 440 roles, testing that the module correctly identifies roles and grants only the appropriate SSP
441 entry service to each entity.
- 442 This category of TEs is the hardest to automate; however, we may address the work
443 surrounding functional testing. Automation opportunities may be found in how the lab collects
444 and prepares the test evidence (e.g., log files) from functional testing.
- 445 Table 2 lists all TEs that require functional testing at specific Security Levels (SLs).

446 **Table 2 - TEs Requiring Functional Testing**

FIPS 140-3 Section Name	TEs for SL 1-4	TEs for SL 2-4	TEs for SL 3-4	TEs for SL 4
General	N/A			
Module Specification	TE02.10.01 (or SC-TE), TE02.12.01, TE02.13.03, TE02.15.03, TE02.15.05, TE02.16.04, TE02.17.02, TE02.17.04, TE02.19.02, TE02.22.02, TE02.24.02, TE02.26.03, TE02.26.04, TE02.26.05, TE02.28.01, TE02.28.02, TE02.30.02	None	None	None
Module Interfaces	TE03.01.04, TE03.02.01, TE03.05.01, TE03.05.02, TE03.06.01, TE03.06.02, TE03.07.02, TE03.07.04, TE03.07.08, TE03.08.01, TE03.08.02, TE03.09.02, TE03.10.02, TE03.10.04, TE03.11.01, TE03.11.03, TE03.13.02, TE03.14.03, TE03.15.02, TE03.15.03, TE03.15.04, TE03.15.06	None	TE03.16.01 (or SC-TE), TE03.18.01, TE03.18.02, TE03.19.02, TE03.19.04, TE03.20.01, TE03.21.01	TE03.22.01
Roles, Services, and Authentication	TE04.02.02, TE04.02.03, TE04.07.03, TE04.11.02, TE04.13.01, TE04.13.03, TE04.14.02, TE04.15.01, TE04.19.02, TE04.19.03, TE04.20.01, TE04.20.03, TE04.21.02, TE04.22.02, TE04.23.01, TE04.25.02, TE04.25.03, TE04.28.01, TE04.29.01, TE04.32.01, TE04.33.01, TE04.34.01, TE04.35.02, TE04.37.02, TE04.38.02, TE04.39.02, TE04.39.03, TE04.39.04, TE04.43.02, TE04.44.02, TE04.56.02 (L1 only)	TE04.37.02, TE04.38.02, TE04.45.02, TE04.45.02, TE04.45.03, TE04.52.01, TE04.53.01 (L2 only), TE04.54.02, TE04.54.03, TE04.55.02	TE04.39.02, TE04.39.03, TE04.39.04, TE04.42.03, TE04.42.04	TE04.59.01

FIPS 140-3 Section Name	TEs for SL 1-4	TEs for SL 2-4	TEs for SL 3-4	TEs for SL 4
Software/ Firmware Security	TE05.05.05, TE05.05.07, TE05.06.02, TE05.06.03, TE05.06.04, TE05.06.06, TE05.07.01, TE05.08.01, TE05.08.02, TE05.11.01, TE05.11.02, TE05.12.02, TE05.13.01, TE05.13.02, TE05.13.03, TE05.13.04, TE05.13.05, TE05.13.06, TE05.13.08	TE05.15.01, TE05.15.02, TE05.16.03, TE05.17.02	TE05.20.01, TE05.23.01	none
Operational Environment	TE06.05.01, TE06.05.02, TE06.05.03, TE06.06.01, TE06.06.02, TE06.08.01, TE06.08.02, TE06.08.03	The following TEs are for L2 only: TE06.09.02, TE06.09.03, TE06.10.01, TE06.10.02, TE06.10.03, TE06.11.01, TE06.11.02, TE06.11.03, TE06.12.01, TE06.12.02, TE06.12.03, TE06.13.01, TE06.13.02, TE06.13.03, TE06.14.01, TE06.14.02, TE06.14.03, TE06.15.01, TE06.15.02, TE06.15.03, TE06.17.01, TE06.17.02, TE06.17.03, TE06.18.01, TE06.18.02, TE06.18.03, TE06.24.01, TE06.25.01, TE06.25.02, TE06.26.01, TE06.26.02, TE06.27.01, TE06.27.02, TE06.28.01, TE06.28.02, TE06.28.03, TE06.28.04	None	None
Physical Security	TE07.01.02, TE07.10.02, TE07.11.02, TE07.13.01, TE07.15.01, TE07.37.01, TE07.43.01, TE07.60.01	TE07.19.01, TE07.20.01, TE07.35.01, TE07.44.01, TE07.45.01, TE07.45.02, TE07.46.01, TE07.47.01, TE07.47.02, TE07.48.01, TE07.48.02, TE07.62.01, TE07.63.01	TE07.25.01, TE07.26.01, TE07.27.01, TE07.37.03, TE07.39.03, TE07.39.04, TE07.39.05, TE07.39.06, TE07.50.02, TE07.50.03, TE07.51.04, TE07.51.05, TE07.51.06, TE07.51.08, TE07.51.09, TE07.65.04, TE07.65.05, TE07.65.06,	TE07.32.01, TE07.41.01, TE07.41.02, TE07.42.02, TE07.53.01, TE07.55.01, TE07.58.01, TE07.67.01, TE07.71.02

FIPS 140-3 Section Name	TEs for SL 1-4	TEs for SL 2-4	TEs for SL 3-4	TEs for SL 4
			TE07.65.08, TE07.65.09, TE07.77.01, TE07.77.02, TE07.77.03, TE07.81.01, TE07.81.02	
Non-Invasive Security	N/A			
SSP Management	TE09.01.02, TE09.01.03, TE09.02.02, TE09.03.02, TE09.03.03, TE09.13.03, TE09.14.02, TE09.16.03, TE09.18.01, TE09.18.02, TE09.21.02, TE09.21.03, TE09.21.04, TE09.22.01, TE09.24.02, TE09.25.02, TE09.27.02, TE09.28.02, TE09.28.03, TE09.28.04, TE09.33.02, TE09.36.02, TE09.37.02	None	None	None
Self-Tests	TE10.07.03, TE10.07.04, TE10.07.05, TE10.08.03, TE10.09.03, TE10.10.01, TE10.10.02, TE10.11.01, TE10.15.01, TE10.15.02, TE10.21.01, TE10.21.02, TE10.21.03, TE10.21.04, TE10.22.01, TE10.22.04, TE10.25.02, TE10.27.01, TE10.28.02, TE10.34.03, TE10.35.04, TE10.37.05, TE10.37.06, TE10.37.09, TE10.46.03, TE10.46.04, TE10.48.01, TE10.48.03, TE10.49.01, TE10.49.03, TE10.53.02, TE10.53.03		TE10.12.03, TE10.12.04, TE10.12.05, TE10.54.01	
Life-Cycle Assurance	TE11.08.06, TE11.08.09, TE11.11.01, TE11.13.02, TE11.32.02			TE11.28.02, TE11.28.03, TE11.28.04
Mitigation of Other Attacks	N/A			

447 **A.2.1. TE Filters**

448 Table 3 can be used to filter TEs based on module characteristics (“TE Filter Types” in the first
449 column). This table is not an exhaustive list, and more filters could be discovered through use
450 and further feedback.

451 **Table 3 - TE Filter Types and Example TEs within those Filters**

TE Filter Types	Sampling of TEs within Filters: Filter Sub-Categories	Sampling of TEs within Filters: Sample TEs within Sub-Categories
Module Type	Hardware	TE11.17.01
	Software	TE11.15.01
	Firmware	TE11.16.01
	Hybrid	TE02.18.01
Security Level	SL 1	TE05.13.01
	SL 2	TE05.17.01
	SL 3	TE03.21.01
	SL 4	TE07.41.01
Embodiment Type		TE07.09.01
Capabilities	Bypass	TE10.22.01
	Self-Initiated Cryptographic	TE04.23.01
SSP	Manual Establishment	TE10.07.01
	Automated Establishment	TE09.10.02
	Wireless Manual Entry/Output	TE09.18.01
	Automated Entry/Output	TE09.03.01
Self-Tests	Comparison Self-Test	TE10.27.01
	Cryptographic Algorithm Self-Tests	TE10.25.01
	Pre-Operational Self-Tests	TE10.53.01
	Comparison Self-Test	TE10.33.01
	Critical Functions	TE10.24.01
Operational Environment Type	Limited	TE06.03.01
	Non-Modifiable	TE06.03.01
	Modifiable	TE06.03.01
Excluded Components		TE02.13.01
Modes of Operation	Approved	TE02.10.01
	Non-Approved	TE02.20.01
	Degraded	TE02.26.01
Interfaces	Data Input	TE03.05.01
	Data Output	TE03.06.01
	Control Input	TE03.08.01

TE Filter Types	Sampling of TEs within Filters: Filter Sub-Categories	Sampling of TEs within Filters: Sample TEs within Sub-Categories
	Control Output	TE03.09.01
	Status Output	TE03.10.01
	Power Input	TE03.13.01
Software/Firmware Loading		TE10.37.01
Complete Image Replacement		TE04.33.01

- 452 The CMVP provided Module Supplemental Information (V3.0.0 as of 2024-09-04). While this
453 does capture many filterable items, it is not currently used to filter the set of TEs for the
454 module under test.
- 455 The TE WS produces the TETables.json file to reflect the TE classification documented in this
456 paper. The ACMVP server will incorporate the TETables.json file to generate a fitting set of TEs
457 for a given module specification.
- 458 The TE WS will work on completing the filter/mapping of TE Filter Types to their respective TEs.

459 **A.2.2. Removing Assertions Not Separately Tested**

460 Some assertions are not separately tested, nor do they depend on the completion of other
461 assertions and their TEs. For example: **AS05.22** is not separately tested, but is instead tested as
462 part of **AS05.05**. Table 4 highlights some assertions which are not separately tested. Since
463 testing these assertions are dependent on testing the assertion(s) that it points to, an approach
464 is to use these assertions to further automate the report writing process. In this instance, the
465 AS that is not separately tested could be marked as completed once the appropriate associated
466 AS, VE, and TE are completed. This automation could take the form of a simple checking
467 mechanic akin to the SP dependent TEs referenced in Table 1.

468 **Table 4 - Assertions not separately tested**

FIPS 140-3 Section Title	Assertions Not Separately Tested
General	N/A
Cryptographic Module Specification	AS02.01, AS02.02, AS02.04, AS02.05, AS02.06, AS02.08, AS02.25, AS02.26, AS02.29, AS02.31, AS02.32
Cryptographic Module Interfaces	AS03.12, AS03.17
Roles, Services, and Authentication	AS04.01, AS04.05, AS04.08, AS04.09, AS04.10, AS04.12, AS04.16, AS04.17, AS04.24, AS04.26, AS04.27, AS04.30, AS04.31, AS04.36, AS04.40, AS04.41, AS04.46, AS04.49, AS04.57, AS04.58
Software/Firmware Security	AS05.01, AS05.03, AS05.09, AS05.10, AS05.14, AS05.18, AS05.19, AS05.21, AS05.22
Operational Environment	AS06.01, AS06.02, AS06.04, AS06.09, AS06.16, AS06.21, AS06.22, AS06.23, AS06.29
Physical Security	AS07.02, AS07.03, AS07.04, AS07.05, AS07.06, AS07.07, AS07.08, AS07.14, AS07.16, AS07.17, AS07.18, AS07.21, AS07.22, AS07.23, AS07.24, AS07.28,

FIPS 140-3 Section Title	Assertions Not Separately Tested
	AS07.29, AS07.30, AS07.31, AS07.34, AS07.36, AS07.38, AS07.40, AS07.49, AS07.52, AS07.54, AS07.56, AS07.59, AS07.61, AS07.64, AS07.66, AS07.68, AS07.69, AS07.70, AS07.72, AS07.74, AS07.75, AS07.76, AS07.78, AS07.79, AS07.80, AS07.81, AS07.82, AS07.83, AS07.84, AS07.85, AS07.86
Non-Invasive Security	N/A
Sensitive Security Parameter Management	AS09.11, AS09.12, AS09.15, AS09.17, AS09.20, AS09.26, AS09.30, AS09.34, AS09.35
Self-Tests	AS10.01, AS10.02, AS10.03, AS10.04, AS10.05, AS10.06, AS10.13, AS10.14, AS10.16, AS10.17, AS10.18, AS10.19, AS10.23, AS10.26, AS10.30, AS10.31, AS10.32, AS10.32, AS10.36, AS10.38, AS10.39, AS10.40, AS10.41, AS10.42, AS10.43, AS10.44, AS10.45, AS10.47, AS10.50, AS10.52, AS10.55
Life-Cycle Assurance	AS11.02, AS11.07, AS11.09, AS11.10, AS11.12, AS11.14, AS11.20, AS11.22, AS11.27
Mitigation of Other Attacks	None

469 **A.3. Complete List of TEs**

470 Table 5 provides a complete list of TEs, classified into four categories (i.e., SP-TE, OD-TE, SC-TC, 471 FT-TE) and their potential combinations:

- 472 • **SP-TE:** TEs depending on the SP
- 473 • **SC-TE:** TEs depending on source code review or inspection
- 474 • **OD-TE:** TEs depending on other vendor documentation
- 475 • **FT-TE:** TEs depending on functional testing
- 476 • **SP-TE/OD-TE:** TEs depending on vendor documentation, regardless whether it is SP or 477 not
- 478 • **SC-TE/SP-TE:** TEs depending on source code review or on the SP
- 479 • **SP-TE, FT-TE:** TE depending on the SP and on functional testing
- 480 • **SC-TE, FT-TE:** TE depending on source code review and on functional testing

481 Greyed-out TEs marked with an asterisk are those not currently required by the CMVP.

482 The OD-TEs depend on proprietary vendor documentation. Therefore, they do not belong to 483 the SP-TE category.

484 Examples:

- 485 • **FT-TE:**
 - 486 o The tester shall verify, by exercising the module, that the status indicator is 487 provided when the trusted channel is in use. (e.g., TE03.21.01)
 - 488 o The tester shall verify that an identity-based authentication mechanism is 489 employed for all services utilizing the trusted channel. (e.g., TE03.20.01)

- 490 ● SP-TE, FT-TE or SP-TE/OD-TE, FT-TE:
- 491 ○ The tester shall use the vendor documentation to assess multi-factor identity-based authentication. (e.g., TE04.59.01)
- 492 ○ The tester shall verify from the vendor documentation and by inspection that the approved authentication mechanism implemented in the operating system meets the applicable requirements. (TE04.53.01)
- 493 ● FT-TE, SP-TE or FT-TE, SP-TE/ OD-TE:
- 494 ○ The tester shall invoke the approved mode of operation using the vendor provided instructions found in the non-proprietary security policy. (e.g., TE02.19.02)
- 495 ○ The tester shall verify that the module implements a bypass capability as specified in the vendor documentation. (e.g., TE04.18.01)
- 500
- 501
- 502

Table 5 - A complete list of TEs

TE02.03.01	SP-TE	TE02.15.12	SP-TE	TE02.21.01	SP-TE
TE02.03.02	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE02.15.13	SP-TE	TE02.21.02	SP-TE
TE02.07.01	SC-TE, SP-TE	TE02.15.14	SP-TE	TE02.22.01	SP-TE
TE02.07.02	SC-TE, SP-TE	TE02.16.01	SP-TE	TE02.22.02	FT-TE
TE02.09.01	SP-TE	TE02.16.02	SP-TE	TE02.24.01	SP-TE
TE02.10.01	SP-TE, SC-TE/FT-TE	TE02.16.03	SP-TE	TE02.24.02	FT-TE
TE02.10.02	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE02.16.04	FT-TE	TE02.26.01	SP-TE
TE02.11.01	SP-TE	TE02.16.05	SP-TE	TE02.26.02	SP-TE
TE02.11.02	SP-TE	TE02.17.01	SP-TE	TE02.26.03	FT-TE
TE02.12.01	SP-TE, FT-TE	TE02.17.02	SP-TE, FT-TE	TE02.26.04	FT-TE
TE02.13.01	SP-TE	TE02.17.03	SP-TE	TE02.26.05	FT-TE
TE02.13.02	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE02.17.04	FT-TE	TE02.28.01	FT-TE
TE02.13.03	FT-TE	TE02.17.05	SP-TE	TE02.28.02	FT-TE
TE02.14.01	SP-TE	TE02.17.06	SP-TE	TE02.30.01	SP-TE
TE02.15.01	SP-TE	TE02.17.07	SP-TE	TE02.30.02	FT-TE
TE02.15.02	SP-TE	TE02.17.08	SP-TE	TE03.01.01	SP-TE
TE02.15.03	FT-TE	TE02.17.09	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE03.01.02	SP-TE, SC-TE
TE02.15.04	SP-TE	TE02.17.10	SP-TE	TE03.01.03	SP-TE
TE02.15.05	FT-TE	TE02.18.01	SP-TE	TE03.01.04	FT-TE
TE02.15.06	SP-TE	TE02.19.01	SP-TE	TE03.02.01	SC-TE, FT-TE
TE02.15.07	SP-TE	TE02.19.02	FT-TE, SP-TE	TE03.02.02	SP-TE
TE02.15.08	SP-TE	TE02.20.01	SP-TE	TE03.03.01	SP-TE
TE02.15.09	SP-TE	TE02.20.02	SP-TE	TE03.04.01	SP-TE
TE02.15.10	SP-TE	TE02.20.03	SP-TE	TE03.05.01	FT-TE
TE02.15.11	SP-TE	TE02.20.04	SP-TE	TE03.05.02	SP-TE/OD-TE, FT-TE

TE03.06.01	FT-TE	TE03.19.04	FT-TE	TE04.33.01	FT-TE, SP-TE/OD-TE
TE03.06.02	SP-TE/OD-TE, FT-TE	TE03.20.01	FT-TE	TE04.34.01	FT-TE
TE03.07.01	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE03.21.01	FT-TE	TE04.35.01	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE03.07.02	FT-TE	TE03.22.01	FT-TE	TE04.35.02	FT-TE
TE03.07.03	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE04.02.01	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE04.37.01	SP-TE
TE03.07.04	FT-TE	TE04.02.02	FT-TE	TE04.37.02	FT-TE
TE03.07.05	SP-TE/OD-TE, SC-TE	TE04.02.03	FT-TE	TE04.38.01	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE03.07.06	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE04.03.01	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE04.38.02	FT-TE
TE03.07.07	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE04.05.01	SP-TE	TE04.39.01	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE03.07.08	FT-TE	TE04.06.01	SP-TE	TE04.39.02	FT-TE
TE03.08.01	FT-TE	TE04.07.01	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE04.39.03	FT-TE
TE03.08.02	FT-TE, SP-TE/OD-TE	TE04.07.02	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE04.39.04	FT-TE
TE03.09.01	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE04.07.03	FT-TE	TE04.42.01	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE03.09.02	FT-TE	TE04.11.01	SP-TE	TE04.42.02	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE03.10.01	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE04.11.02	FT-TE	TE04.42.03	FT-TE
TE03.10.02	FT-TE	TE04.13.01	FT-TE	TE04.42.04	FT-TE
TE03.10.03	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE04.13.02	SP-TE	TE04.43.01	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE03.10.04	FT-TE	TE04.13.03	FT-TE	TE04.43.02	FT-TE
TE03.10.05	SC-TE/OD-TE	TE04.14.01	SP-TE	TE04.44.01	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE03.11.01	FT-TE	TE04.14.02	FT-TE	TE04.44.02	FT-TE
TE03.11.02	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE04.15.01	FT-TE	TE04.45.01	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE03.11.03	FT-TE	TE04.18.01	FT-TE, SP-TE/OD-TE	TE04.45.02	FT-TE
TE03.13.01	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE04.19.01	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE04.45.03	FT-TE
TE03.13.02	FT-TE	TE04.19.02	FT-TE	TE04.47.01	SP-TE
TE03.14.01	SC-TE/OD-TE	TE04.19.03	FT-TE	TE04.48.01	SP-TE
TE03.14.02	SC-TE/OD-TE	TE04.20.01	FT-TE, SP-TE/OD-TE	TE04.50.01	SP-TE
TE03.14.03	FT-TE, SC-TE	TE04.20.02	OD-TE	TE04.50.02	SP-TE
TE03.15.01	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE04.20.03	FT-TE	TE04.51.01	SP-TE
TE03.15.02	FT-TE, SC-TE	TE04.21.01	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE04.51.02	SP-TE
TE03.15.03	FT-TE	TE04.21.02	FT-TE	TE04.52.01	SP-TE/OD-TE, FT-TE
TE03.15.04	FT-TE	TE04.22.01	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE04.53.01	SP-TE/OD-TE, FT-TE
TE03.15.05	SC-TE	TE04.22.02	FT-TE	TE04.54.01	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE03.15.06	FT-TE	TE04.23.01	FT-TE	TE04.54.02	FT-TE
TE03.16.01	SP-TE/OD-TE, SC-TE/FT-TE	TE04.25.01	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE04.54.03	FT-TE
TE03.18.01	SP-TE/OD-TE, FT-TE	TE04.25.02	FT-TE	TE04.55.01	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE03.18.02	FT-TE	TE04.25.03	FT-TE	TE04.55.02	FT-TE
TE03.19.01	SP-TE/OD-TE, SC-TE	TE04.28.01	FT-TE	TE04.56.01	SP-TE
TE03.19.02	FT-TE	TE04.29.01	FT-TE	TE04.56.02	FT-TE
TE03.19.03	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE04.32.01	FT-TE	TE04.59.01	SP-TE, FT-TE

TE05.02.01	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE06.03.01	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE06.24.01	SP-TE/OD-TE, FT-TE
TE05.04.01	SC-TE	TE06.05.01	SP-TE/OD-TE, FT-TE	TE06.25.01	SP-TE/OD-TE, FT-TE
TE05.05.01	SC-TE	TE06.05.02	SP-TE/OD-TE, FT-TE	TE06.25.02	FT-TE
TE05.05.02	SP-TE	TE06.05.03	FT-TE	TE06.26.01	SP-TE/OD-TE, FT-TE
TE05.05.03	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE06.06.01	SP-TE/OD-TE, FT-TE	TE06.26.02	FT-TE
TE05.05.04	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE06.06.02	FT-TE	TE06.27.01	SP-TE/OD-TE, FT-TE
TE05.05.05	FT-TE	TE06.07.01	SP-TE	TE06.27.02	FT-TE
TE05.05.06	SC-TE/OD-TE	TE06.08.01	SP-TE/OD-TE, FT-TE	TE06.28.01	SP-TE/OD-TE, FT-TE
TE05.05.07	FT-TE	TE06.08.02	SP-TE/OD-TE, FT-TE	TE06.28.02	FT-TE
TE05.06.01	SC-TE	TE06.08.03	FT-TE	TE06.28.03	FT-TE
TE05.06.02	FT-TE	TE06.09.01	SP-TE	TE06.28.04	FT-TE
TE05.06.03	FT-TE	TE06.09.02	FT-TE	TE07.01.01	SP-TE
TE05.06.04	FT-TE	TE06.09.03	FT-TE	TE07.01.02	FT-TE
TE05.06.05	SC-TE	TE06.10.01	SP-TE/OD-TE, FT-TE	TE07.09.01	SP-TE
TE05.06.06	FT-TE	TE06.10.02	FT-TE	TE07.09.02	SP-TE
TE05.07.01	SP-TE/OD-TE, FT-TE	TE06.10.03	FT-TE	TE07.10.01	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE05.08.01	FT-TE	TE06.11.01	SP-TE/OD-TE, FT-TE	TE07.10.02	FT-TE
TE05.08.02	FT-TE, SC-TE	TE06.11.02	FT-TE	TE07.11.01	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE05.11.01	FT-TE	TE06.11.03	FT-TE	TE07.11.02	FT-TE
TE05.11.02	FT-TE	TE06.12.01	SP-TE/OD-TE, FT-TE	TE07.12.01	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE05.12.01	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE06.12.02	FT-TE	TE07.13.01	FT-TE
TE05.12.02	FT-TE, SP-TE/OD-TE	TE06.12.03	FT-TE	TE07.15.01	FT-TE, SP-TE/OD-TE
TE05.13.01	FT-TE, SP-TE/OD-TE	TE06.13.01	SP-TE/OD-TE, FT-TE	TE07.15.02	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE05.13.02	FT-TE, SP-TE/OD-TE	TE06.13.02	FT-TE	TE07.19.01	FT-TE, SP-TE/OD-TE
TE05.13.03	FT-TE	TE06.13.03	FT-TE	TE07.20.01	FT-TE, SP-TE/OD-TE
TE05.13.04	FT-TE, SP-TE/OD-TE	TE06.14.01	SP-TE/OD-TE, FT-TE	TE07.25.01	FT-TE, SP-TE/OD-TE
TE05.13.05	FT-TE	TE06.14.02	FT-TE	TE07.26.01	SP-TE/OD-TE FT-TE
TE05.13.06	FT-TE, SP-TE/OD-TE	TE06.14.03	FT-TE	TE07.26.02	SP-TE
TE05.13.07	SC-TE/OD-TE	TE06.15.01	SP-TE/OD-TE, FT-TE	TE07.27.01	FT-TE
TE05.13.08	FT-TE	TE06.15.02	FT-TE	TE07.32.01	SP-TE/OD-TE, FT-TE
TE05.15.01	FT-TE, SP-TE/OD-TE	TE06.15.03	FT-TE	TE07.33.01	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE05.15.02	FT-TE, SP-TE/OD-TE	TE06.17.01	SP-TE/OD-TE, FT-TE	TE07.35.01	FT-TE, SP-TE/OD-TE
TE05.16.01	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE06.17.02	FT-TE	TE07.37.01	FT-TE, SP-TE/OD-TE
TE05.16.02	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE06.17.03	FT-TE	TE07.37.02	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE05.16.03	FT-TE	TE06.18.01	SP-TE/OD-TE, FT-TE	TE07.37.03	FT-TE
TE05.17.01	SP-TE	TE06.18.02	FT-TE	TE07.39.01	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE05.17.02	FT-TE	TE06.18.03	FT-TE	TE07.39.02	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE05.20.01	SC-TE, FT-TE	TE06.19.01	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE07.39.03	FT-TE, SP-TE/OD-TE
TE05.23.01	FT-TE, SP-TE/OD-TE	TE06.20.01	SP-TE	TE07.39.04	FT-TE, SP-TE/OD-TE

TE07.39.05	FT-TE	TE07.65.06	FT-TE, SP-TE/OD-TE	TE09.10.01	SP-TE
TE07.39.06	FT-TE	TE07.65.07	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE09.10.02	SP-TE
TE07.41.01	FT-TE, SP-TE/OD-TE	TE07.65.08	FT-TE	TE09.13.01	SP-TE
TE07.41.02	FT-TE	TE07.65.09	FT-TE	TE09.13.02	SP-TE
TE07.42.01	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE07.67.01	SP-TE/OD-TE, FT-TE	TE09.13.03	FT-TE
TE07.42.02	FT-TE	TE07.71.01	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE09.14.01	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE07.43.01	FT-TE, SP-TE/OD-TE	TE07.71.02	FT-TE	TE09.14.02	FT-TE
TE07.44.01	FT-TE, SP-TE/OD-TE	TE07.73.01	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE09.16.01	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE07.45.01	FT-TE, SP-TE/OD-TE	TE07.77.01	FT-TE	TE09.16.02	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE07.45.02	FT-TE	TE07.77.02	FT-TE	TE09.16.03	FT-TE
TE07.46.01	FT-TE, SP-TE/OD-TE	TE07.77.03	FT-TE	TE09.18.01	FT-TE
TE07.47.01	FT-TE, SP-TE/OD-TE	TE07.77.04	SP-TE	TE09.18.02	FT-TE
TE07.47.02	FT-TE	TE07.81.01	FT-TE	TE09.19.01	SP-TE
TE07.48.01	FT-TE, SP-TE/OD-TE	TE07.81.02	FT-TE	TE09.21.01	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE07.48.02	FT-TE	TE07.81.03	SP-TE	TE09.21.02	FT-TE
TE07.50.01	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE08.03.01	SP-TE/OD-TE*	TE09.21.03	FT-TE
TE07.50.02	FT-TE, SP-TE/OD-TE	TE08.04.01	SP-TE/OD-TE*	TE09.21.04	FT-TE
TE07.50.03	FT-TE, SP-TE/OD-TE	TE08.05.01	SP-TE/OD-TE*	TE09.22.01	FT-TE
TE07.51.01	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE08.06.01	SP-TE/OD-TE*	TE09.23.01	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE07.51.02	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE08.07.01	SP-TE/OD-TE*	TE09.23.02	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE07.51.03	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE09.01.01	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE09.23.04	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE07.51.04	FT-TE, SP-TE/OD-TE	TE09.01.02	FT-TE	TE09.24.01	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE07.51.05	FT-TE, SP-TE/OD-TE	TE09.01.03	FT-TE	TE09.24.02	FT-TE
TE07.51.06	FT-TE	TE09.02.01	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE09.25.01	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE07.51.07	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE09.02.02	FT-TE	TE09.25.02	FT-TE
TE07.51.08	FT-TE	TE09.03.01	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE09.27.01	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE07.51.09	FT-TE	TE09.03.02	FT-TE	TE09.27.02	FT-TE
TE07.53.01	SP-TE/OD-TE, FT-TE	TE09.03.03	FT-TE	TE09.28.01	SP-TE
TE07.55.01	SP-TE/OD-TE, FT-TE	TE09.04.01	SP-TE	TE09.28.02	FT-TE
TE07.57.01	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE09.04.02	SP-TE	TE09.28.03	FT-TE
TE07.58.01	FT-TE	TE09.05.01	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE09.28.04	FT-TE
TE07.60.01	FT-TE, SP-TE/OD-TE	TE09.06.01	SP-TE	TE09.28.05	SP-TE
TE07.62.01	FT-TE	TE09.06.02	SP-TE	TE09.28.06	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE07.63.01	FT-TE	TE09.06.03	SP-TE	TE09.29.01	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE07.65.01	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE09.07.01	SP-TE	TE09.29.02	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE07.65.02	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE09.08.01	SP-TE	TE09.31.01	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE07.65.03	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE09.08.02	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE09.32.01	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE07.65.04	FT-TE, SP-TE/OD-TE	TE09.09.01	SP-TE	TE09.33.01	SP-TE
TE07.65.05	FT-TE, SP-TE/OD-TE	TE09.09.02	SP-TE	TE09.33.02	FT-TE

TE09.36.01	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE10.27.01	FT-TE, SP-TE/OD-TE	TE11.01.01	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE09.36.02	FT-TE	TE10.28.01	SP-TE/OD-TE, SC-TE	TE11.03.01	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE09.37.01	SP-TE	TE10.28.02	FT-TE	TE11.04.01	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE09.37.02	FT-TE	TE10.29.01	SC-TE, SP-TE/OD-TE	TE11.04.02	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE10.07.01	SP-TE	TE10.33.01	SP-TE	TE11.04.03	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE10.07.02	SP-TE	TE10.33.02	SC-TE/OD-TE	TE11.04.04	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE10.07.03	FT-TE	TE10.34.01	SP-TE	TE11.05.01	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE10.07.04	FT-TE	TE10.34.02	SP-TE/OD-TE, SC-TE	TE11.06.01	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE10.07.05	FT-TE/SC-TE	TE10.34.03	FT-TE	TE11.08.01	OD(FSM)-TE
TE10.08.01	SP-TE	TE10.35.01	SP-TE/OD-TE, SC-TE	TE11.08.02	OD(FSM)-TE
TE10.08.02	SP-TE	TE10.35.02	SP-TE/OD-TE, SC-TE	TE11.08.03	OD(FSM)-TE
TE10.08.03	FT-TE	TE10.35.03	SP-TE/OD-TE, SC-TE	TE11.08.04	OD(FSM)-TE
TE10.09.01	SP-TE	TE10.35.04	FT-TE	TE11.08.05	OD(FSM)-TE
TE10.09.02	SP-TE	TE10.37.01	SP-TE	TE11.08.06	FT-TE
TE10.09.03	FT-TE	TE10.37.02	SP-TE	TE11.08.07	OD(FSM)-TE
TE10.10.01	FT-TE	TE10.37.03	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE11.08.08	OD(FSM)-TE
TE10.10.02	FT-TE	TE10.37.04	SC-TE/OD-TE	TE11.08.09	FT-TE
TE10.11.01	FT-TE	TE10.37.05	FT-TE	TE11.08.10	OD(FSM)-TE
TE10.12.01	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE10.37.06	FT-TE	TE11.08.11	OD(FSM)-TE
TE10.12.02	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE10.37.07	SC-TE/OD-TE	TE11.08.12	OD(FSM)-TE
TE10.12.03	FT-TE	TE10.37.08	SC-TE/OD-TE	TE11.11.01	FT-TE
TE10.12.04	FT-TE	TE10.37.09	FT-TE	TE11.13.01	OD(FSM)-TE
TE10.12.05	FT-TE	TE10.46.01	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE11.13.02	FT-TE
TE10.15.01	SP-TE/OD-TE, FT-TE	TE10.46.02	SC-TE, SP-TE/OD-TE	TE11.15.01	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE10.15.02	SC-TE/OD-TE, FT-TE	TE10.46.03	FT-TE	TE11.15.02	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE10.20.01	SC-TE/OD-TE	TE10.46.04	FT-TE	TE11.16.01	SC-TE/OD-TE
TE10.21.01	SP-TE/OD-TE, FT-TE	TE10.48.01	FT-TE	TE11.17.01	SC-TE/OD-TE
TE10.21.02	FT-TE, SP-TE/OD-TE	TE10.48.02	SC-TE, SP-TE/OD-TE	TE11.18.01	SC-TE/OD-TE
TE10.21.03	FT-TE	TE10.48.03	FT-TE	TE11.19.01	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE10.21.04	FT-TE	TE10.49.01	FT-TE	TE11.21.01	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE10.22.01	FT-TE	TE10.49.02	SC-TE, SP-TE/OD-TE	TE11.23.01	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE10.22.02	SC-TE/OD-TE	TE10.49.03	FT-TE	TE11.24.01	SC-TE
TE10.22.03	SC-TE/OD-TE	TE10.51.01	SC-TE, SP-TE/OD-TE	TE11.25.01	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE10.22.04	FT-TE	TE10.51.02	SC-TE, SP-TE/OD-TE	TE11.26.01	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE10.22.05	SC-TE/OD-TE	TE10.51.03	SC-TE, SP-TE/OD-TE	TE11.28.01	SC-TE
TE10.24.01	SP-TE	TE10.53.01	SP-TE	TE11.28.02	FT-TE, SC-TE
TE10.24.02	SC-TE/OD-TE	TE10.53.02	FT-TE	TE11.28.03	FT-TE, SC-TE
TE10.25.01	SP-TE	TE10.53.03	FT-TE	TE11.28.04	FT-TE
TE10.25.02	FT-TE	TE10.54.01	FT-TE, SC-TE	TE11.29.01	SP-TE/OD-TE

TE11.29.02	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE11.36.01	SP-TE	TE12.04.02	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE11.30.01	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE11.37.01	SP-TE	TE12.04.03	SP-TE
TE11.31.01	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE11.38.01	SP-TE	TEA01.01	SP-TE/OD-TE
TE11.32.01	SP-TE	TE11.38.03	SP-TE/OD-TE	TEB01.01	SP-TE
TE11.32.02	FT-TE	TE11.39.01	SP-TE	TEB02.01	SP-TE
TE11.33.01	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE12.01.01	SP-TE/OD-TE	TEB03.01	SP-TE
TE11.34.01	SP-TE/OD-TE	TE12.02.01	SP-TE	TEB03.02	SP-TE
TE11.35.01	SP-TE	TE12.04.01	SP-TE		

503 The CMVP currently does not enforce the grayed-out TEs in area eight (see TEs below).

- 504 • TE08.03.01 SP-TE/OD-TE*
- 505 • TE08.04.01 SP-TE/OD-TE*
- 506 • TE08.05.01 SP-TE/OD-TE*
- 507 • TE08.06.01 SP-TE/OD-TE*
- 508 • TE08.07.01 SP-TE/OD-TE*

509 **Appendix B. List of Symbols, Abbreviations, and Acronyms**

510	140A-TE
511	Vendor-documentation-dependent Test Evidence
512	ACMVP/ACVP
513	Automated Cryptographic Module Validation Project
514	AS
515	Assertion
516	CAVP
517	Cryptographic Algorithm Validation Program
518	CL
519	Component List
520	CMVP
521	Cryptographic Module Validation Program
522	CRADA
523	Cooperative Research and Development Agreement
524	ESV
525	Entropy Source Validation
526	ESVP
527	Entropy Source Validation Program
528	FIPS
529	Federal Information Processing Standards
530	FSM
531	Finite State Model
532	FT
533	Functional Test
534	IUT
535	Implementation Under Test
536	MIS
537	Module Information Structure
538	NCCoE
539	National Cybersecurity Center of Excellence
540	NVLAP
541	National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program
542	OD
543	Other Documents
544	SC
545	Source Code

546	SP
547	Security Policy
548	SSP
549	Sensitive Security Parameter
550	TE
551	Test Evidence
552	VE
553	Vendor Evidence
554	WS
555	Workstream

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572 **Submit Comments**
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578 **Additional Information**
579 Additional information about this publication is available at Automation of the NCCoE's [NIST Cryptographic Module](#)
580 [Validation Program project page](#), including related content, potential updates, and document history.

581 **All comments are subject to release under the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA).**